

# **EFFECTIVE TIME MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES MASTER**

[PERSONALDEVELOPMENTMASTER.COM](http://PERSONALDEVELOPMENTMASTER.COM)

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. No part of this report may be modified or altered in any form whatsoever, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any informational storage or retrieval system without express written, dated and signed permission from the author.

AFFILIATE DISCLAIMER. The short, direct, non-legal version is this: Some of the links in this report may be affiliate links which means that I earn money if you choose to buy from that vendor at some point in the near future. I do not choose which products and services to promote based upon which pay me the most, I choose based upon my decision of which I would recommend to a dear friend. You will never pay more for an item by clicking through my affiliate link, and, in fact, may pay less since I negotiate special offers for my readers that are not available elsewhere.

DISCLAIMER AND/OR LEGAL NOTICES: The information presented herein represents the view of the author as of the date of publication. Because of the rate with which conditions change, the author reserves the right to alter and update his opinion based on the new conditions. The report is for informational purposes only. While every attempt has been made to verify the information provided in this report, neither the author nor his affiliates/partners assume any responsibility for errors, inaccuracies or omissions. Any slights of people or organizations are unintentional. If advice concerning legal or related matters is needed, the services of a fully qualified professional should be sought. This report is not intended for use as a source of legal or accounting advice. You should be aware of any laws which govern business transactions or other business practices in your country and state. Any reference to any person or business whether living or dead is purely coincidental.

Copyright ©

# Contents

---

Recommended Resources .....	3
Introduction.....	4
Chapter 1: Optimizing Productivity with Time and Space.....	6
Chapter 2: Focused Task Management .....	11
Chapter 3: Prioritizing Daily Tasks .....	16
Chapter 4: Pay Attention to Your Time.....	19
Chapter 5: Setting Up Your Daily System .....	22
Chapter 6: Set a Schedule, Stick To It.....	27
The Bottom Line .....	35

# Recommended Resources

---

## 1. Inspirational Words Of Wisdom From Real World Winners

The step-by-step process for conquering fear, nixing the naysayers, overcoming obstacles, and **making your dreams come TRUE!**

This powerful course contains 18 lessons that lead you on a *step-by-step journey* to truly living the **winning life**. A journey of finding your dreams, overcoming your fears, and building the life you love ....

[https://personaldevelopmentmaster.com/pro/inspirational\\_words\\_of\\_wisdom/](https://personaldevelopmentmaster.com/pro/inspirational_words_of_wisdom/)

## 2. Book Summary

The #1 book summary service for entrepreneurs, executives and business coaches ....

<http://hitpg.com/go/readitforme>

# Introduction

---

What if you could finally master your time? You would see yourself make more, have more time with your family, and achieve more.

By managing time effectively, you'll experience less stress and a better sense of stability in your daily life. Thinking through the details of your day, from the places you work to the routines you implement, will provide a secure structure.

**This enables you to let go of thinking about unnecessary details in order to focus on what is truly important to you.**

These strategies will help you make the most use of your time and be the most productive.

Consider these tools to better manage your time and be more productive:

1. **Chapter 1: Optimizing Productivity with Time and Space.** Visualize your ideal workspace and consider ways to make it a reality. In order to make the most use of time, think about when the most productivity takes place.
2. **Chapter 2: Focused Task Management.** There are surprising disadvantages to multitasking, context switching, and task switching. Though it may seem impressive to do many tasks at once, you'll actually be more productive if you focus on just one thing at a time.
3. **Chapter 3: Prioritizing Daily Tasks.** How do you decide on the most important tasks? Discover how to get the most out of work time by focusing on the highest-priority tasks.

4. **Chapter 4: Pay Attention to Your Time.** What does it mean to be mindful? If you can focus on the present moment, you'll be fully invested in the task at hand.
5. **Chapter 5: Setting Up Your Daily System.** Look at the big picture and then focus-in on the day-to-day reality of making goals come to fruition.
6. **Chapter 6: Set a Schedule, Stick to it.** Consider how you want each hour of your day to flow and create a realistic structure to follow.

# Chapter 1: Optimizing Productivity with Time and Space

---

Using effective time management techniques provides a stability and consistency to daily life. As a result, you'll spend less time worrying about the future and more time focusing on the task at hand.

**The first thing to consider in mapping out your day is your peak productivity time.**

Next, think about *where* you're most productive. As you visualize your whole day, you are more able to focus on the small pieces.

## Schedule Your Time to Shine

In order to effectively manage your hour-by-hour and day-by-day routine, you must first ask yourself, "*What is the time of day that I most thrive?*"

Think for a moment about how your most ideal productive day would go. Do you take the morning slow? Do you get right into work? Are you most productive at night?

Once you can pinpoint your most productive hours, you're better able to work out the rest of your day, so you can make the most out of your valuable time.

Perhaps you've found that it's difficult to get productive at all during the day. This frustrating dilemma is one that you can overcome. Though it may be a struggle to get going, once you're in the flow of your work, all will come easily.

## Times of Optimal Productivity

- A 2017 California-based research study found that **the most productive time of day is around 11:00 am.**
- **People are most mentally alert between 9:00 am and 11:00 am.** You can use this information while scheduling meetings, as this is the time where people will be the most attentive.
- Information has even been found about the months where people are most productive. **The most productive month of the year is typically October.**

As you walk through the typical layout of your day, picture the parts you might want to change. Perhaps there are daily time management habits that you'd like to get rid of. Maybe you have multiple times throughout the day where you find yourself in a productive state.

**If you can picture your productivity in 90-minute increments, it might make it easier to place those throughout your day or all in one block.**

## What if I Only Have a Limited Amount of Time?

Because life is life, there will always be distractions or needs that are unplanned. If you planned to have four hours to work, but you wind up only having one hour, that does not mean the day or the time to be productive has to be completely lost. It can be easy to have an all-or-nothing mindset when it comes to following a schedule.

**If you cannot do all of it, do some of it.**



Once the schedule has been thrown off, it can seem like the rest of the day will be negatively affected as well. This doesn't need to be the case. In order to make the most of your time all the time, take the hour you have and do everything you can with it. You don't need to rush.

**Choose your highest priority task first.** Assign yourself an hour of working on what will move the needle the most, whatever will move you ahead the furthest.

Try these tips to make the most out of a limited amount of time:

- **Take it one minute at a time.** An hour may not seem like a long time. However, a lot can happen in 10 minutes.
- It can be easy to let an entire hour fly by without having done anything. Minimize distractions. Turn your phone on silent. Focus on exactly what is in front of you.
- **Focus on tasks that will move you the most toward your goal in the time you have.**
- Prioritize the tasks that need the most immediate attention.

## The Places That Inspire You

When considering the time of day that you're most productive, you must also consider where you are when you're most productive.

Now, **envision the setting of your ideal, most productive workplace.** Look around. Are there others around you? What does it sound like? Is it a casual or a formal setting?

Perhaps you have a favorite coffee shop where you go to work. Make a regular habit of going to that place at your most productive time of day. If you're not able to get to your ideal setting, create an atmosphere with other qualities that reflect an ideal work setting.

## Consider these ideas for places to work:

- **Go to a coffee shop.** Your favorite coffee shop can provide a comfortable and productive familiarity. A coffee shop is a great place to go to get out of isolation and be around people without being directly interrupted.
- **Join a coworking space.** Many cities have coworking spaces. A coworking space has all of the amenities of a typical workplace. You can enjoy some great motivation by surrounding yourself with others who are productive.
- **Your office.** If you already work in an office setting, look around the office to see if you can work in your favorite spot. Or, set up your desk to reflect your work needs. If you need minimal distractions, take all distracting items off your desk.
- **Outside.** Refresh yourself and your mind with nature. Find a table in the shade and **take in nature while diving into a productive state.**
- **At your house.** If you have a workspace where you live, you can add and remove setting elements according to your ideal environment. Be sure to keep your

workspace away from where you sleep. (Save your bedroom just for sleeping!)

## Who Will You Work With?

Humans are social animals. Some are more social than others. If you find that other people give you energy, consider that fact in choosing where you work. Perhaps you're a social person, but not productive while being social.

Be honest with yourself and **make a decision based on how you use your time best**. If you have one person or a group of people that you work well around, invite them for a weekly work session and use that time to inspire yourself.

Establishing your best work time and setting will propel you to more effective time management. Asking the simple questions of *when* and *where* will enable you to create the structure that will handle the rest of your day.

Having this environment in place will anchor you to your schedule when obstacles and distractions arise.

## Chapter 2: Focused Task Management

---

While working on three things at time, it can feel like you're getting a lot done. Sometimes a mindset can occur that tells you, "*the more you are doing at once, the more you are getting done.*" This thinking is false. In fact, the opposite is true.

**When you focus on just one thing at a time, you'll achieve higher quality results.**

Having one thing that you're working on will free up more time. Moving from one thing to another or focusing on many things at once are two ineffective ways to manage time.

You may find yourself beginning a long to-do list, jumping from task to task. At the end of an hour, you may find that you have attempted many tasks but accomplished none.

There are three obstacles that may come up during your day. All of them can adversely affect time management in different ways. These obstacles are multitasking, task switching, and context switching.

### Multitasking

**Multitasking involves doing many tasks at once that are all related to the same end result.** Many people attempt multitasking in an effort to be efficient. In fact, it's often celebrated! However, multitasking is not as effective as some believe.

If you think you're an expert multitasker, think again.

For example, you may have experienced walking while trying to type and email on your phone. While these are both tasks that you know well, they become much more difficult when they're done at the same time. This is because your attention is split between two tasks instead of on one.

## Task Switching

Task switching is similar to multitasking in that it involves doing many things at once. However, task switching is even less productive than multitasking. **Task switching occurs while focusing on many things at once that are *not related to one specific goal*.**

For example, you may have a conversation on the phone about an upcoming event while writing an outline for a new project. These tasks have nothing to do with each other.

**You're more likely to miss important details when you're trying to give your attention to two different things at once.**

It can always be difficult to focus. Task switching makes it even harder. The focused feeling of losing track of time and being in the zone is invigorating and productive. This habit prohibits the ability to get totally lost in your work.

Switching from task to task simultaneously means that none of the work produced will be as high in quality as work that is done while only focusing on one thing.

There are two types of task switching: interrupted task switching and rapid task switching.

## Interrupted Task Switching

**Interrupted task switching** occurs most of the time when you have email, social media, and text message notifications.

If you have noise alerts or pop-ups on your computer, you'll likely be easily distracted and pulled out of the moment you're having with your work. If you're in a flow state, totally focused and even enjoying yourself, that can all be lost with a simple notification.

An example of this unfortunate interruption is illustrated by our biggest distraction: social media. Once you notice a new social media notification, the moment you click on it you have officially task switched. You may be working on the project in one window while checking social media on the next.

These interruptions are a major obstacle in time management. **They inhibit you from entering the flow state required to get done what you need to.**

## Rapid Task Switching

**Rapid task switching** involves switching from task to task in rapid succession.

Taking notes on your notebook with your computer open to another task is one sure fire way to fall into rapid task switching. You may move from typing an email to writing an outline for a project you're working on in the same second.

Going from task to task in quick succession diminishes awareness not just on your work, but on the rest of the world around you as well. It limits your ability to think clearly and with care.

## Context Switching

Context switching occurs when we go from one task to an entirely different task. This is different from multitasking and task switching in that it does not involve doing many tasks at once.

**Context switching means moving from one project to another without completing either project.**

If you have eight hours in your work time, choose your most important project and work on that. In order to use your time most effectively, complete that first project before moving on to anything else. If you move from project A before it is done, you'll likely end up with two unfinished projects by the end of the day instead of one whole task done.

A huge disadvantage to context switching is that it wastes precious work time. **Once you've come out of focus, it takes about 25 minutes to get into another state of focus.** If you switch contexts three times in your day, you've lost over an hour of time that could have been expertly well spent.

## Strategies

Have no fear. Though there are many things that come up, and there is so much to get done with so little time, it's possible to prevent these distracting habits.

Use these strategies to focus on just one thing at a time:

1. **Implement the when and where of your work environment.** When you're in your ideal work setting, you're more likely to become engulfed in your work.
2. **Make it a rule to complete a task before you begin the next one.** This will increase your work endurance and will help you get more done. You won't waste such precious time.
3. **Turn off all of your social media and email notifications.** Turn all of your technology on *do not disturb* mode. You can even have an auto message letting people know when you'll be back online.
4. **Stay away from distracting websites.** You may have a habit of typing in your favorite website when you really meant to check your email. You can avoid this by using applications and reminders that will protect you from distracting websites.
5. **Take advantage of sound.** Put on your favorite background noise or eliminate background noise altogether with noise-canceling headphones.



## Chapter 3: Prioritizing Daily Tasks

---

Mastering time management doesn't come easily; it takes practice and consistency.

**The best way to ensure that you get done everything on your list is by prioritizing the most important tasks and doing them first.**

Prioritization skills come with practice. It may not always be clear what exactly is most important. Though some projects have steps, others are more general and can be accomplished in a variety of ways. Pick out the tasks that are most sure to move you forward.

Ask yourself, "If I complete this task, will I be satisfied with what I have done?" Consider the item that you would do if you could only choose one thing to do. **Which task would move you closer to your goal in the allotted time?**

It can be difficult to know where to start when it comes to prioritizing a to-do list full of important tasks. You can begin the process by talking with others about how they prioritize their work. You can also look at your old habits.

**Consider whether your current work habits are sustainable.** Do you find yourself with many incomplete tasks during the week? Do you miss deadlines? These might be signs that you need to look at the big picture and re-prioritize your items.

Follow this proven process to prioritize your tasks:

1. **Start by making a list of everything you need to do.** You can make a list that covers the entire week, and then break it down in day-by-day sections.
2. **Write any deadlines or time constraints while observing your list.** This will help you determine when you need to start working on what. Be sure to consider the size of each project and deadline.
3. **The night before each work day, look at your list and visualize your day.** What are the tasks that you can get done in your designated work time?
4. **Set aside tasks that are unnecessary or not pertinent to what you're currently trying to get done.** Look at how you want to spend the day and set aside tasks that don't relate to the objectives you have for your day.
5. **It's helpful to start on the most dreadful or difficult task first.** If you first accomplish something that you don't want to do, you'll feel less burdened and more motivated.
6. **You can use all of these things to set your priorities straight.** Take a step back and weigh the importance of each task according to the goals you have in mind.

## Remain Flexible

There are bound to be distractions. New things pop-up, surprises occur, and important phone calls come in. Even though you planned out your day the night before, there are days when nothing goes as planned or things get pushed back.

**When these unexpected turns occur, you can use your priorities to guide you towards the tasks to focus on when you do have time.** If you have an impending deadline or particularly difficult task, begin with those. If you're asked to take on too much, practice boundaries and avoid promising more than you can deliver.

## Use Your Time Wisely

Carefully consider your high-priority items as you look at each day. **Take advantage of your most productive hours by doing the items that need your utmost attention.** Use your time wisely by knowing how things are going to go and giving care to each minute.

## Chapter 4: Pay Attention to Your Time

---

There are 1,440 minutes in each day. Most people are awake for about 16 hours out of the day. **That means you have about 960 minutes to do what you need to do in order to have a successful day.** This may seem daunting and it may seem inspiring. Regardless, it's important to be cognizant of the ways you spend your time.

On average, humans are able to focus for about 20 minutes at a time. However, it's possible to be focused for 20 minutes and then repeatedly refocus.

You can use this information to your advantage when you estimate how long each task will take. If something will take 4 hours, look at it in 20-minute sections. How much of this project can you get done in 20 minutes? How much can you get done in one hour?

### Take Planned Breaks

**Maintain your attention on each task but be sure to take a break every 90 minutes.** If 90 minutes seems like too long, you can also take breaks every 50 minutes. 15 to 20 minutes is a perfect length of time to give your brain a refreshing break.

You can practice being mindful of your time by being mindful during your timed breaks. Practicing a quick mindfulness activity is more effective than taking a break to get on social media or read the news.

**Mindfulness enables you to calm your mind and come to the present moment.** Social media stimulates the mind and distracts from the present moment.

## Try these mindfulness activities during work breaks:

1. **Meditate.** You can meditate for just a few minutes. Sit up straight in your chair. Close your eyes or focus on one point ahead of you. Start to simply pay attention to your breath. Notice, “I am inhaling, I am exhaling.”
2. **Go on a walk.** Embrace the feeling of fresh air and sunshine by taking a step away from your work and going on a walk. Leave your phone behind. Simply observe and notice the greenery, the sound of the cars, and the color of the sky.
3. **Take a coloring break.** Grab a coloring book and set a timer for ten minutes. Use those minutes to relax and color. This exercise will help keep your mind engaged without thinking about other things.
4. **Notice your five senses.** Take a moment to notice all of your senses. What do you hear, see, smell, taste, and feel? Go through all of your muscle groups and relax them, starting with your toes and ending with your ears.

## Set Reminders: Check Yourself

Set reminders for yourself to help notify you of an upcoming transition in your day. These small alerts can serve as a line of accountability when you're trying to practice new habits.

If you notice a “ding” five minutes before it's time to move on to your next task, you'll be able to find a stopping point and make a smooth transition to the next item of business.

**You can also take the advantage of the opportunity that an alert presents.**

Use a small moment in your transition to acknowledge your day and check that your focus is on the task at hand. You don't always have to stop what you're doing in order to be

mindful. You can take advantage of moments at work where you can bring your attention to exactly what you're doing.

If your next task calls for movement, bring your focus to your walking. Feel the ground beneath your shoes and focus on your breath, even if just for a moment.

It's easy to look to the future and concern ourselves with imagined scenarios that we truly cannot predict. **These small moments of mindfulness can provide a chance to let go of worry and focus on the task at hand without disrupting your day.**

### How Does Mindfulness Affect Productivity?

An ability to focus on the present moment brings about a stronger connection to the task at hand rather than your entire to-do list. Those who practice mindfulness have been shown to be less affected by distractions.

**Mindfulness increases productivity by creating a manageable stream of thoughts that do not overwhelm.** By practicing mindfulness regularly, you're likely to increase your ability to regulate emotions. This stability provides focus on only the thoughts that count.

Treat your time with care and attention. The best way to be mindful of your time is to be aware and conscious of what you do and when you do it. You can do this by creating a system, or a routine, for each day.

## Chapter 5: Setting Up Your Daily System

---

Time management isn't just about getting stuff done. **Time management is about structure and consistency.**

Structure provides a sense of security and relief to each day. It decreases the need for worry or time-wasting thoughts.

If you already know how the first three hours of your day are going to go, you don't need to wake up and wonder how the next three hours will go. You'll already know, because you have a system.

### Follow a Routine

Working within a structure, no matter how subtle, provides numerous benefits. **By having a routine, you're more likely to not just be more productive, but also to feel better all around.** You'll get sounder sleep, feel less stressed, and have a stronger ability to focus on each task at each designated time of day.

You can begin thinking about your routine by splitting your day into sections.

Begin with the first hour. What does the first hour of your day look like? **Try to spend the first hour of your day off of technology.** Avoid checking your email or responding to text messages. Take the first hour of your day just for yourself, so you can transition into your day.

By preparing, thinking through, and strategizing for the day ahead, you'll feel a greater sense of stability.

Ask yourself these questions about your routine:

### 1. Morning Routine

- What is the first thing you want to do each morning?
- What is the second thing you want to do each morning?
- What will make your morning feel like a success?
- What is the most important daily task you'll do each morning?

### 2. Nightly Routine

- How do you want to end your day?
- How will you wind down from your day?
- What is the most important task you want to do each night?
- What task will help you feel a sense of completion about your day?

What are the most important things you want to get done in the morning? Accumulate small successes early on in your day. This will help you feel confident and ready for your day.

For example, you can start your day by making your bed. **Though this may seem insignificant, making your bed starts your day in a refreshingly successful way.** It lets you know that you're officially beginning your day, it gives you a success right away, and a nicely made bed is waiting for you at the end of each day.



Think about the rest of your day in sections, as well. What do you do before you work? When do you take breaks? When do you eat? Consider these questions as you walk yourself through your day.

Once you have basic routines that take care of the little stuff, take a look at your long-term goals to come up with a daily system. Create your system based on what's right in front of you. Though you have goals, having a system is actually a better use of your time and productivity.

### What is the Difference Between Goals and Systems?

Goals are important. They motivate us to become the people we are meant to be. They guide us through the storms of life by providing a light at the end of the tunnel. Goals determine our values and the way we live our lives. **We look at the future and the bigger picture of our life in the long-term when we set goals.**

Systems are also important. **Systems zoom in on the day-to-day and minute-to-minute details** on the actions that will bring your long-term goals to fruition.

However, if you spend all your time looking at the goal on the horizon, you might lose track on what is right in front of you. Instead of only focusing on the future, look at this exact moment. Look at each moment and the role it plays in propelling you to success.

In order to create your system in the most effective way, you must start by setting your goals. Big picture goals are based on the lifestyle and career paths that you want to pursue. Systems are the building blocks to those goals.

## Follow this process to set long term goals:

1. **Consider your values.** What do you consider “success?” Do you want to accumulate a fortune? Accolades? Community? Think about what your life will look like when you feel that you’ve reached your full potential.
2. **Zoom-in on one aspect of your desired outcome.** For example, consider what job you would like to have. What kind of person do you want to be? Five years from now, what would you like to have accomplished?
3. **Time your goals realistically.** Think about how long it might take you to get to your goal. This will help you visualize your goal. Be careful not to take on too much. You want to set yourself up for success instead of disappointment.

## Building a System

Once you have a long-term goal set in place, you’ll be able to set up your day-to-day system. Break down your goal into six-month intervals. Next, break it into one-month intervals. Finally, think about the specific things you need to do on a daily or weekly basis to take constant steps toward the official destination.

**Your system consists of the daily things you do and focus on that move you forward toward your long-term goal.**

By creating your daily system, you’ll be able to let go of the future and focus on enjoying the present moment. **You won’t need to worry about your goal when you’re following your system because success is built into each day.**

For example, imagine you have a goal to write a 300-page book in one year. What do you need to do each day to reach that goal? By breaking down each page into month sections,

and taking one day off per week, you could realistically write 500 words per day. So, at what time of day would you write?

Build your system based on your long-term goal. When there's a long-term goal, the small steps support that goal. You don't need to keep your eyes on the prize. **You only need to keep your eyes on this present moment.** By doing this, you'll experience less stress and a greater likelihood of success.

The step you take each day to work towards the finish line can be seamlessly placed through each part of your day. Set up the rest of your day to reflect the goals you want to work towards.

## Chapter 6: Set a Schedule, Stick To It

Lay out your entire day by creating a realistic schedule of your day-to-day system. In order to make the most effective use of your time and be the most productive, **map out the hour-to-hour details that comprise each of your days.**

Before you schedule anything, take a look at the way you're currently spending your time. **Take one week to observe each hour of your day.** Document the way you currently spend your time. This exercise will help you create a structure that can provide support and help you make the most use of your time with the least amount of stress.

### An Example of a Schedule on a Typical Day:

Time	Task
7:00 am - 8:00 am	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wake up</li> <li>• Make bed</li> <li>• Meditate</li> <li>• Eat breakfast</li> </ul>
8:00 am - 9:00 am	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Go to work</li> <li>• Review to-do list and priorities</li> <li>• Check email</li> </ul>
9:00 am - 12:00 pm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Work on tasks in order of priority</li> <li>• Take planned breaks at least every 90 minutes</li> </ul>

## Reduce the Scope

You don't need to do everything all in one day. **If you put too much on your plate, you'll wind up losing more time and producing less work.**

Imagine a doctor who books too many patients in one day. If there's any disturbance in the schedule, the waiting room will grow more crowded as the wait gets longer.

Reduce the scope of your day and focus only on what is realistic. If you end up taking on too much, it will be harder to follow a schedule. A full plate is a catalyst for stress and incomplete work. Be quick, but don't hurry. Avoid overwhelming yourself in order to be efficient.

## Leave No Task Untouched

Maintain the order of your day to the best of your ability. If you have a daily routine you want to follow, stick to it. **Follow the order of each event, even if you no longer have the planned amount of time.**

For example, if you planned to clean your house for an hour, but only have 20 minutes, you can focus on one room and get that done.

This habit will also help you maintain your daily schedule in the long run, even if it doesn't work on one day. Things may not be going as planned, but time can still be used wisely. Even though not everything was accomplished, the feeling of success will still come after doing everything that you could.

## Batching

**When you batch your days, you complete tasks that are similar to each other in sections.**

For example, you might have one hour on your schedule to check emails and return phone calls. You can split your days into sections and create a streamlined organization.

There seems to be a culture that encourages constant email-checking. **However, new research suggests checking email just three times per day.** For some, this sounds stressful. The fear of missing out comes into play, which makes checking email irresistible.

This habit is a difficult one to break. You can start small -- check your email five times per day. You can even let people know that all of their emails will be responded to within 24 hours.

Social media is a huge part of the daily life of many people. It has become a natural way to communicate and connect with those within our community and throughout the world. Social media can also be as addicting as checking email.

A healthy habit to implement is one of conscious social media time. Rather than checking notifications every time there is a free moment, choose a time of day that you'll dedicate to social media.

## Batching Categories

Here are some examples of categories that may work well for your time management when you batch them together:

### 1. Professional Correspondence

- Check email.
- Return phone calls.

### 2. Social Hour

- Check text messages.
- Coordinate social plans.
- Check social media.

### 3. Current Events

- Check in on the news.
- Get updates on topics of interest.

### 4. Self-Improvement

- Go to the gym.
- Work towards your long-term goal.

You can examine the rest of your schedule and look at your most productive time of day in order to choose where you batch which tasks. **Use your productivity time to your advantage and create a schedule according to which tasks need the most attention.**

There are even days of the week when you might want to take care of an entire category of tasks.

### Theme Your Days

Some activities don't need to be done every day. For example, you might not need to go to the grocery store every day. Activities that can be put on just one day can be categorized into themes for your days. If you have multiple errands to do each week, choose just one day to do all of them.

**These themes are part of your weekly rituals and habits that you want to maintain over time.**

Whether you take your dog to the dog park once a week or choose one day each week to have meetings with coworkers, doing them on the same day each week will create a stable consistency.



Consider these suggested themes:

### **Mastery Mondays**

- Practice a new hobby.
- Improve on a new skill.

### **Productivity Tuesdays**

- Complete big projects.
- Schedule meetings for this day.
- Dedicate extra focus to work.

### **Workout Wednesdays**

- Schedule a longer workout session.
- Work with a professional trainer.

Thinking of your weeks in sections like this helps you to focus on the day ahead rather than the month or year ahead.

## Make Time for Fun

Create time to pursue the things you love that are not work related. A great way to reward yourself after a satisfying and hard day of work is by engaging in one of your hobbies. Productivity is essential. Embracing hobbies is also an essential way to avoid burnout.

When you've scheduled your day and prioritized your tasks, you'll be better able to make time for the things you love. **If you find that you have so much on your plate that you don't have time for fun, the solution isn't to eliminate fun.**

Instead, start by carving out as little as an hour per week to dedicate to a hobby. Whether you most enjoy cross-stitching, rock climbing, or juggling, you can make time for both your high priority responsibilities and your extracurricular hobbies.

It can be difficult to find hobbies as life takes over. Time flies by as the hustle and bustle determines how our days go. By taking charge and making positive changes in your time management skills, you'll suddenly find that you have more free time to dedicate to fostering a well-rounded lifestyle.

Short on fun? Use these techniques to choose a new hobby:

1. **Make a list.** Write down all the things you're interested in. You don't need to have an end plan in mind, just jot down the first things that come to mind. For example, you may be interested in astrology, painting, and filmmaking.
2. **Once you have a list of interests, choose a couple to try out.** By exploring a new hobby, you'll broaden your horizons and have a stronger ability to approach work with a fresh outlook.
3. **Avoid limiting yourself.** You don't have to have just one hobby. You can pursue a number of things you're interested in. Just ensure that you don't take on too much.

# The Bottom Line

---

Take inventory of your daily life and **let go of the habits that no longer serve you.**

Acquiring new time management skills will foster a greater spark of productivity that will endure through the obstacles that naturally arise.

You don't have to expend energy and worry on the organization of your day. Regular practice and implementation of a few simple skills can actually save you time so that you can better focus on what is pertinent to the current moment.

Follow this process to integrate effective time management skills into your daily routines:

**Step 1: Begin by considering when you're most productive.** Take stock of what your days currently look like and make realistic adjustments in order to use your time most effectively.

- Use your highest alert times to take care of your highest priority items. Schedule your meetings and free time according to the ebb and flow of your day.
- Create your ideal setting for productivity. **Think about *where* you feel the most comfortable.** Find an accessible and consistent setting where you can focus and get into the flow of your work day.

**Step 2: Choose one task to focus on at a time.** Let go of old multitasking habits that halt productivity, diminish work quality, and stir up more stress. Use strategies that will limit distractions. This will help you maintain focus.

- It takes around 25 minutes to refocus on a task once you've broken focus. Switching from task to task is unproductive and will end up wasting time. It's best to focus on each task as it comes.
- **Complete one task before moving on to the next.** A day with one complete project is more successful than a day with two incomplete projects.

**Step 3: Examine the importance of each task ahead of you.** Depending upon time constraints and level of focus, prioritize your tasks. Begin your work time with the most important task.

- Despite all of the planning in the world, many days go in a different direction than intended.
- **Remain flexible in the face of distraction or interruption.** Referring to your prioritized list can help you make decisions about how to use a limited amount of time.

**Step 4: Be attentive of your time.** Take care to notice how you spend each day. The day does not need to be daunting or overwhelming.

- **Planned mindfulness breaks will help the day go by at an even pace.** Take a step back after around 90 minutes of work time. In doing so, you'll be able to maintain a consistent work pace and quality of focus.
- **Follow a simple and consistent routine.** Think of your day in sections. Consider what each part of your day looks like, beginning with the moment you wake up.

**Step 5: Develop and sustain an efficient system in which you will thrive.** A system is created based on your long-term goals. Instead of constantly looking towards the future, bring your attention to what you can do each day that will inevitably lead to your goals.

- Goals are based on the long-term, big picture ideas for your life.
- Systems are the small, daily steps that lead to achievement of those long-term goals.

**Step 6: Create a schedule that works for you.** Be careful not to take on more than you can handle.

- **Knowing your limits is good for you, good for your work, and good for the people around you.**
- If your daily schedule is disturbed, do your best to get to every task. If you planned an hour but only have twenty minutes, spend a focused, productive 20-minute period on the scheduled task.
- Categorize sections of your days based on the similarity of different tasks. If you have administrative tasks to do, do them all in the same part of your day.
- Spend less time checking your email. Schedule times to check your email and take care of those responses during planned parts of your day.
- **Pursue hobbies.** Making time for intentional fun ensures a consistent and stress-free quality of life. Though life may sometimes seem too busy for hobbies, you can make time for them when you implement effective time management skills.

**A natural consequence of time management is an increase in productivity. Distractions and worries are minimized when your days are predictable and simple. Consistent and regular practice of these time management tools are the catalyst for innovation and growth.**

*Sick of putting your dreams on hold?  
... And ready to be a winner and create a life you LOVE?*

CHECK OUT > >> >>>

**Inspirational Words Of Wisdom**

**From Real World Winners**